Engineering for Free Network Services

Evan Prodromou, Control Yourself, Inc. Libre Planet, 20 March 2009



Who the ...?

- Evan Prodromou
- Free Software since 1995
- Wikitravel
- Identi.ca
- autonomo.us

What do we want?

 To use Network Services in a way that preserves our freedom in the same way that

Free Network Services

- Franklin Street Statement
 Free Software + Free Data = Free Service
- Open Software Service Definition
 - Free Software
 - Free Culture/Data
 - Open Standards

The Sandwich

Server

- Operating System
- •Web Server
- Database Server
- Programming Language

Services Harnessing Internet Technology

Client

- Operating System
- •GUI Framework
- •Browser
- Plugins

What we can do

- Make tasty Free Software replacements for services harnessing Internet technology
- Use them ourselves
- Encourage their use

Our advantages

- The Right Thing
- Longevity
- Paranoia
- Selfishness
- Greed
- Pride

Structure

- Principles for building Free Network Services
- Using example of Identi.ca/Laconica

1. Be pragmatic.

- We're doing this *now*.
- Use existing technologies.
- Use the structure of the Internet as it exists.

2. Use a Hub-and-Spoke Architecture.

- AKA "client-server".
- Most desktop/laptop/netbook computers don't have a universal permanent address.
- Most "servers" do.
- You can put a client and a server on the same machine if you want to.
- Example: SMTP server

3. Use the Web.

- It works.
- It scales.
- It's rich.
- It's ubiquitous.
- Very smart people are working on it.
- Installations drop by ~3 orders of magnitude.

4. Use the FNS-savvy License.

- Affero General Public License v3 (AGPLv3)
- Make software license easily visible.

5. Build in licensing.

Use a Free Culture license by default
Let users pick their own licenses (emphasizing Free Culture ones)

6. Use DNS and URLs for Identity.

- Example: email addresses
- Example: XMPP
- Example: Blogs
- Example: OpenID URLs

7. Build in federation early

- Prodromou's principles:
 - If your software has a social aspect, it should support distributed sociality
 - All software has a social aspect
- OpenID for authentication
- OAuth for authorization

8. Support open standards.

- Makes it easy to build compatible software.
- FOAF for social graph
- Atom/RSS
- RDF where possible.

9. Be semantic.

- Support microformats, RDFa, as many feed formats as possible.
- Meet 3rd-party processors halfway or more.
- Smart data neutralizes the advantage of proprietary/patented/really smart software.

10. Be SEM Savvy.

- Gets more people to see your software
- Gets more people to use your software
- Use sitemaps (sitemaps.org)
- Use ping servers
- Make everything addressable
- Use good descriptions, H1s, status codes
- Bonus: easier for 3rd-party tools to use

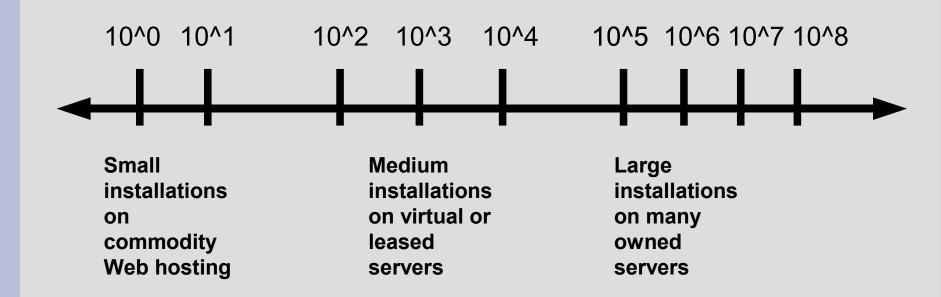
11. Build 0.x protocols.

- Do something dead simple and obviously stupid to get it started.
- Example: HTTP/0.9
 GET URL => <data>
- Example: OpenMicroBlogging 0.1

12. Support a range of usage.

- Download for individual usage
- Hosted service for communities
- Major service for individuals

13. Build to scale.



14. Data dumps.

- Make a dump available of all public data.
- Make a dump available of each user's private data to that user.

15. Data feeds.

- Make feeds available by default.
- Push feeds to aggregators.
 - Search
 - Directory
 - Archive

16. Support other Free Network Services.

- We advance faster if we work together.
- OpenStreetMaps
- Geonames
- Search Wikia

17. Engage with proprietary services.

- Find users where they are.
- This is the environment we have now.
- As we fill out the Free Network Services ecology, this becomes less necessary.

18. Make it easy to share the source.

- Have a source link on the site by default.
- Have links to plugins on a "versions" page (like MediaWiki).

19. Provide a remote API.

- Stimulates third-party development
- Allows "mashups"
- Allows desktop/laptop/mobile clients

20. Provide a plugin system.

- Stimulates contribution.
- Makes it easy to integrate.
- Gives people a reason to install your software.

21. Support themes/skins.

- People like sexy-looking Web sites.
- Site owners like putting their mark on the site.
- "Lite" theming through CSS.
- "Heavy" theming through e.g. template engines.

22. Be international.

- "Everybody there speaks English."
- Let non-English speakers drive the competition.
- Our translation resources are a huge advantage.
- Use wikis for documentation.

23. Make it easy.

- Your competition is *very easy*.
- Installation should be really simple.
- Setting up an account on an existing server should be cheap or free.
- Setting up an instance on a hosted service should be reasonably priced and quick.

24. Use PHP/MySQL

- C and POSIX for Unix-like systems
- Build a healthy Free Software community
- Install on commodity hosting
- (Should this change? Make it change!)

Further

- http://autonomo.us/
- http://identi.ca/evan
- evan@controlyourself.ca